

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

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A	PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATT	ORNEY DOCKET NO.
	08/853	,007 05	5/08/97	CHI-YA CHENG	J	7938
Γ-			IM61/07077	EXAMINER		
•	RONALD A BLEEKER MOBIL OIL CORPORATION			YILDIRIM, B		
	OFFICE	OF LEGAL	_ COUNSEL		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL 3225 GALLOWS ROAD FAIRFAX VA 22307

DATE MAILED:

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

1764

Application No.

Applicant(s) 08/853,007

Cheng et al.

Office Action Summary Examiner

Bekir L. Yildirim

Group Art Unit 1764



Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .						
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1						
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failu application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Exte 37 CFR 1.136(a).	are to respond within the period for response will cause the					
Disposition of Claims						
	is/are pending in the application.					
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.					
	is/are rejected.					
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.					
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948.						
The drawing(s) filed on is/are obj	jected to by the Examiner.					
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is ☐approved ☐disapproved.						
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	•					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign prior	ity under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).					
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copie	s of the priority documents have been					
received.						
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)						
received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
*Certified copies not received:						
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic pri	ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).					
Attachment(s)						
☐ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	. N-/-> 202					
	r NO(\$)					
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO	-948					
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152						
SEE OFFICE ACTION O	N THE FOLLOWING PAGES					

Serial Number: 08/853,007 Page 2

Art Unit: 1764

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kushnerick et al. (USP 4,992,606).

The reference teaches the same process with the same MCM-22 catalyst having the same diffraction pattern, under the same conditions, thus anticipates the claimed invention.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

Serial Number: 08/853,007 Page 3

Art Unit: 1764

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or

nonobviousness.

5. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kushnerick

et al. (USP 4,992,606).

The reference teaches the same process with the same MCM-22 catalyst having the same

diffraction pattern, under the same conditions (see claims). The reference catalyst may optionally

contain a binder to increase the crush-strength thereof (col. 9, lines 30-37; col. 10, lines 41-42).

A distinction may be made between the two catalyst compositions in that the reference

catalyst may comprise a binder, while the instant claims recite a binder-free catalyst. The invention

as a whole however would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art since the

artisan equipped with the reference teachings would select either one of two alternatives, i.e. with

and without binder in the reference. Furthermore the omission of means (the binder) together with

its function (enhancement of crush strength) would not involve an invention. See Ex parte

CRIGER, 125 USPQ 448 (BdPatApp&Int 1960) or In re Pedley, 41 CCPA 868, 101 USPQ

286, 1954 C.D. 163, 686 O.G. 5. 212 F.2d 199.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Bekir L. Yildirim whose telephone number is (703) 308-3586.

Bekir L. Yildirim

Primary Examiner

A.U. 1764

B.L.Y.

July 6, 1998